To spur this momentum, the Institute launched six new Schools and various other sweeping reforms in April 2016, enhancements that have since been dubbed Tokyo Tech’s second founding.

By seeking out opportunities for borderless collaboration while respecting its culture of autonomy, Team Tokyo Tech strives to create a better future.

Founded 137 years ago, Tokyo Tech continues its long tradition of creating significant impact through science and technology while embracing an increasingly global presence.

A world-class Institute whose organization and members continue to innovate
Cross-cutting research and education

In this era of rapid change, sustainable solutions to global challenges often require integrative approaches. With strong foundations in core areas of science and engineering and an extensive liberal arts component, Tokyo Tech provides students with an education that traverses disciplinary boundaries. The Institute’s faculty members are front-line researchers who are making a difference in labs, classrooms, and the world.
MCES conducts research for the benefit of society through the creation of innovative materials using elements with high Clarke numbers, in other words, those abundant in Earth’s crust.

Tokyo Tech collaborates with private enterprises.
Private enterprises entrust research to Tokyo Tech.
Tokyo Tech faculty members provide academic consultations related to research.

Joint founding of programs and facilities on campus.
Programs tailored for member companies.
Programs funded by donations.

By discovering the major intracellular recycling process autophagy in yeast and identifying the genes behind this process, Professor Ohsumi was successful in becoming the first researcher to uncover the mechanism underlying autophagy. With the rapid progress of autophagy research in animal and plant cells, Professor Ohsumi’s work is expected to be linked to a better understanding of and new treatments for neurodegenerative diseases, cancer and aging.

ELSI is a research center in the World Premier International Research Center Initiative (WPI). Attempting to solve the mystery of the origin and evolution of life, ELSI researchers are creating a new field – bioplanetology.

For more information on the Center of Innovation Science and Technology based Radical Innovation and Entrepreneurship Program (COI STREAM), visit the following website:
https://wpi-stream.sci.kyoto-u.ac.jp/

These R&D activities – run by the Center of Innovation Science and Technology Based Radical Innovation and Entrepreneurship Program (COI STREAM) – are supported by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports and Technology. Listening to the “silent voices” of nature (i.e., inclusive sensing), the COI aims to solve human, social and environmental issues via human – and environment – friendly ways in collaboration with companies and local municipalities.

A society and earth where people and nature harmoniously coexist – empathizing with “Silent Voices”

These COI STREAM Innovation programs are run by the Earth Inclusive Sensing Empathizing with Silent Voices (EISESiV) Research Institute.

The TSUBAME supercomputer, one of the top supercomputers in Japan, is available for Tokyo Tech students, faculty and staff members as well as research institutes and enterprises.

Our latest supercomputer, TSUBAME3.0, was ranked first on the list of the world’s most energy-efficient supercomputers, Green500 (June 2017).

Materials Research Center for Element Strategy (MCES)

MCES conducts research for the benefit of society through the creation of innovative materials using elements with high Clarke numbers, in other words, those abundant in Earth’s crust.
Global Scientists and Engineers Program (GSEP)

GSEP is a four-year Bachelor of Engineering degree program for international students with a global perspective in transdisciplinary fields. Proficiency in the Japanese language is not required for admission as courses are taught in English.

The introductory Japanese language component of the program allows students to familiarize themselves with Japanese language and culture, something students are encouraged to do throughout the course of their studies.

GSEP application schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application period</th>
<th>Notification of results</th>
<th>Admission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>August to early September</td>
<td>Late November</td>
<td>April</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International Graduate Program (IGP)

IGP is an opportunity for qualified international students with little or no knowledge of Japanese to pursue a master’s or doctoral degree in Japan. With various academic disciplines participating in this program, students are able to find a lab in which to further their research, acquire broader knowledge and understanding, and conduct advanced long-term research in a field that best matches their interests and background.

IGP application schedule by category

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Program type</th>
<th>Deadline</th>
<th>Notification of results</th>
<th>Admission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Overseas application</td>
<td>IGP(A)</td>
<td>Late November</td>
<td>Mid-March</td>
<td>September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Overseas application</td>
<td>IGP(B)2</td>
<td>Mid-April</td>
<td>Mid-June</td>
<td>September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>IGP(B)3</td>
<td>Mid-January</td>
<td>Mid-March</td>
<td>September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Overseas / domestic application</td>
<td>IGP(C)</td>
<td>Early November</td>
<td>Late December</td>
<td>April</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the approximately 11,000 students at Tokyo Tech, 16% are international students — one of the highest percentages in Japan.
Ensuring the future

Tokyo Tech develops global leaders with a high level of expertise. Private enterprises employ these graduates, thereby contributing to their mid- and long-term growth in product development.

**Spotlight**

**Tokyo Skytree and Tokyo Tower: Structural design of two major landmarks in Tokyo**

Two Tokyo Tech graduates, separated by a generation yet working for the same company, were involved in the structural design of two of Tokyo’s world-renowned towers, the Tokyo SkyTree and the Tokyo Tower. These landmarks bear witness to the living spirit of Tokyo Tech’s technical innovation.

The economic activities of private enterprises underpin social prosperity in a variety of ways.

The government of Japan provides funds to Tokyo Tech for its education and research operations.

**Financial data**

- **Operating revenue**: approx. 46.0 billion yen (47%)
- **Operating expenditures**: approx. 46.0 billion yen
- **Personnel**: 36.6%
- **Facilities**: 19.5%
- **Initiatives**: 17.0%
- **Instruction and unsponsored research**: 14.4%
- **Tuition and fees**: 14.4%
- **General and administrative**: 6.8%
- **Indirect expenses**: 5.8%
- **Facility subsidies**: 5.8%

External funding: **approx. 18.4 billion yen**

By supporting Tokyo Tech’s research programs, private enterprises stimulate new product development and contribute to industrial and economic growth.
Life at Tokyo Tech

**Sports and social clubs catering to all tastes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student clubs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tokyo Tech Society for the Study of Robotics</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Building Robots in Teams</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Tokyo Tech Society for the Study of Robotics is an extracurricular club for students interested in building machines, creating electronics, and programming. The club’s team, Maquinista, took first prize for the first time at NHK Gakusei Robocon 2017. At the 2017 ABU Asia-Pacific Robot Contest, Maquinista made it to the quarterfinals representing Japan, and won a “fighting spirit” award after having made it into the top four.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Chor Kleines**  |
| **Mixed chorus for universities in the Kanto region**  |
| Chor Kleines is a choir with more than 150 students from multiple universities. It has placed first in the Japan Choral Association’s National Choral Competition for over 15 years. |

| **ScienceTechno**  |
| **Conveying the fun of science**  |
| ScienceTechno conducts hands-on science workshops and demonstrations at elementary schools and other places where children can enjoy learning new things about science in fun and exciting ways. Their faces lighting up with smiles throughout this experience is very rewarding for everyone. |

**Advantages in the job market**

Tokyo Tech graduates are highly sought after by employers. The Institute is proud of its stellar track record of producing ethical graduates with a high degree of expertise.

**Top employers of Tokyo Tech graduates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hitachi, Ltd.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>IHI Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mitsubishi Electric Corporation</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Toshiba Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Toyota Motor Corporation</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Nomura Research Institute, Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Canon Inc.</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Nippon Steel &amp; Sumitomo Metal Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Panasonic Corporation</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tokyo Tech Festival**

The Tokyo Tech Festival takes place at Ookayama Campus each October. Various exhibits and presentations are held in lecture rooms, and many food tents are set up outside. Lab walk-ins are available for visitors to experience Tokyo Tech’s state-of-the-art science and technology.
Learning by doing

Tokyo Tech Professional Academy

The Tokyo Tech Professional Academy offers graduate-level classes for professionals active in their respective areas. Classes are conveniently held on weeknights and Saturdays at Tamachi Campus, located in the center of Tokyo. Suggestions and requests from the business community are incorporated into the curriculum.

Museum and Archives

Tokyo Tech Museum and Archives is located in the Centennial Hall. They showcase the history and range of educational and research outcomes of the Institute, and periodically host special exhibitions and events. There is also an exhibition space at Suzukakedai Campus.

Science classes in the summer break

The Science Club in the Summer Break is a popular outreach program for children that strives to kindle their interest in science. Tokyo Tech offers fun and inspiring events such as Play with the Earth which provides hands-on experience with minerals.

Online courses

TokyoTechX

Tokyo Tech offers online courses (MOOCs) delivered worldwide on the edX platform since 2015. Nearly 50,000 learners from 190 countries and regions from around the world have studied our courses on Earth Science, Japanese Architecture, Electrical Engineering, Engineering Ethics, Autophagy (Molecular biology) and Monotsukuri (Crafting things).

Library

The Ookayama Library is notable for its modern, “Good Design Award”-winning look. Together with the Suzukakedai library, the two contain a total of 800,000 volumes, with a focus on science and engineering fields, in both Japanese and foreign languages. Both libraries are also open to general researchers who need to use our materials for their research work.

Technical innovation starts here

Collaboration Center for Design and Manufacturing (CODAMA)

Tokyo Tech has CODAMA makerspaces at Ookayama and Suzukakedai Campuses, offering students a place to imagine, experiment, innovate, and create. The center holds a special event at Tokyo Tech Festival which is open to the people of the community.
Tokyo Tech was founded in 1881 as the Tokyo Vocational School. Under the Meiji government, it sought to produce engineers with a high level of expertise in order to revitalize Japan through the promotion of technology.

Plates of quartz crystals oscillate at an extremely precise frequency when alternating voltage is applied to them. Koga developed specific surface angles at which to cut quartz crystal plates, thereby improving their thermal properties. His inventions remain the core technology of quartz clocks and modern wireless communication systems.

Gottfried Wagener was a German-born scientist who came to Japan in 1868, the first year of the Meiji period. As a technological advisor, he played an important role in the foundation of the Tokyo Vocational School. Wagener strongly urged the Japanese government to establish a school to produce leaders in science and technology. After the foundation of the school, Wagener taught ceramics there.

Seiichi Tejima, another influential figure in the founding of the Tokyo Vocational School, promoted modern technical and industrial education in Japan. Based on his experiences abroad, he tenaciously persuaded top government officials of the value of establishing a technical school.

Kenjiro Takayanagi, a Tokyo Tech graduate, succeeded in transmitting a Japanese character via a cathode ray tube in 1926, creating the model for future televisions. The electrical transmission and image-receiving technology he invented is still used today in digital high-definition LCD TVs and TV telephones.
## Schools and institutes

### Schools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School of Science</th>
<th>Mathematics / Physics / Chemistry / Earth and Planetary Sciences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Volcanic Fluid Research Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Center for Research in Financial Sciences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exoplanet Observation Research Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Advanced Research Center for Quantum Physics and Nanoscience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School of Engineering</td>
<td>Mechanical Engineering / Systems and Control Engineering / Electrical and Electronic Engineering / Information and Communications Engineering / Industrial Engineering and Economics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School of Materials and Chemical Technology</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering / Chemical Science and Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School of Computing</td>
<td>Mathematical and Computing Science / Computer Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cybersecurity Research Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School of Life Science and Technology</td>
<td>Life Science and Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School of Environment and Society</td>
<td>Architecture and Building Engineering / Civil and Environmental Engineering / Transdisciplinary Science and Engineering / Social and Human Sciences / Innovation Science / Technology and Innovation Management (professional master’s degree program)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Research Center for Educational Facilities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Institute for Liberal Arts (ILA)**

### Institute of Innovative Research (IIR)

- Laboratory for Future Interdisciplinary Research of Science and Technology (FIRST)
- Laboratory for Materials and Structures (MSL)
- Laboratory for Chemistry and Life Science (CLS)
- Laboratory for Advanced Nuclear Energy (LANE)
- International Research Center of Advanced Energy Systems for Sustainability (AES)
- Advanced Research Center for Social Information Science and Technology (ASIST)
- Cell Biology Center
- Research Units focused on emerging cutting-edge research
- Organization for Fundamental Research

### Strategic Research Hubs

- Earth-Life Science Institute (ELSI)
- Materials Research Center for Element Strategy (MCES)
- Research Institute for the Earth Inclusive Sensing

### Institute-Wide Education Centers

- Innovator and Inventor Development Platform
- Academy for Global Leadership
- Tokyo Tech Academy for Leadership (ToTAL)
- Center for International Education
- Tokyo Tech Professional Academy

### Institute-Wide Support Centers

- Health Support Center
- Student Support Center
- Collaboration Center for Design and Manufacturing (CODAMA)
- Center for Innovative Teaching and Learning (CITL)
- Global Scientific Information and Computing Center (GSIC)
- Center for Biological Resources and Informatics
- Radiation Research and Management Center
- Research Support Center for Low-Temperature Science
- Museum and Archives

### Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Students</th>
<th>Faculty members</th>
<th>Administrative &amp; technical staff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>approx. 11,000</td>
<td>approx. 1,100</td>
<td>approx. 600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Campuses

Ookayama Campus

1. Main Building
   A symbol of Tokyo Tech since 1934, the Main Building is located in the center of Ookayama Campus.

2. Promenade of cherry trees
   Impressive cherry blossom trees line the deck in front of the Main Building. They usually reach their peak bloom just in time to welcome students at the start of spring.

3. Ginkgo trees in the North Area
   Ginkgo trees form a welcoming green canopy in the summer and a vibrant golden one in the fall.

4. Multipurpose field
   Students enthusiastically take advantage of the artificial turf field for a variety of club and athletic activities.

5. North building 3
   Environment Energy Innovation (EEI) Building
   The building has a centralized smart-grid management system called Ene-Swallow, and is nearly energy self-sufficient.

6. Statue of Seiichi Tejima
   → P.16

7. Museum and Archives
   → P.14

8. Library
   → P.14

9. Collaboration Center for Design and Manufacturing Environmental (CODAMA)
   → P.15

Suzukakedai Campus

1. Suzukake Hall
   Boasting a lounge and cafeterias, the Suzukake Hall is an oasis on Suzukakedai Campus. It also hosts international conferences.

2. Suzukakedai Library
   → P.14

3. Museum’s Suzukakedai Exhibition Space
   → P.14